

Take Back Control of IT with z/VM® and Linux® on System z



IBM zEnterprise - Freedom by Design

IBM zEnterprise – Freedom by Design



Trademarks

The following are trademarks of the International Business Machines Corporation in the United States and/or other countries.

IBM* POWER* WebSphere* IBM (logo)* POWER7* zEnterprise AIX* 7/OS* PowerVM BladeCenter* PR/SM 7/VM* DataPower* System x* z/VSE DB2* System z*

The following are trademarks or registered trademarks of other companies.

Adobe, the Adobe logo, PostScript, and the PostScript logo are either registered trademarks or trademarks of Adobe Systems Incorporated in the United States, and/or other countries.

Cell Broadband Engine is a trademark of Sony Computer Entertainment, Inc. in the United States, other countries, or both and is used under license there from.

Java and all Java-based trademarks are trademarks of Sun Microsystems, Inc. in the United States, other countries, or both.

Microsoft, Windows, Windows NT, and the Windows logo are trademarks of Microsoft Corporation in the United States, other countries, or both.

InfiniBand is a trademark and service mark of the InfiniBand Trade Association.

Intel, Intel logo, Intel Inside, Intel Inside logo, Intel Centrino, Intel Centrino logo, Celeron, Intel Xeon, Intel SpeedStep, Itanium, and Pentium are trademarks or registered trademarks of Intel Corporation or its subsidiaries in the United States and other countries.

UNIX is a registered trademark of The Open Group in the United States and other countries.

Linux is a registered trademark of Linus Torvalds in the United States, other countries, or both.

ITIL is a registered trademark, and a registered community trademark of the Office of Government Commerce, and is registered in the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office.

IT Infrastructure Library is a registered trademark of the Central Computer and Telecommunications Agency, which is now part of the Office of Government Commerce.

* All other products may be trademarks or registered trademarks of their respective companies.

Notes:

Performance is in Internal Throughput Rate (ITR) ratio based on measurements and projections using standard IBM benchmarks in a controlled environment. The actual throughput that any user will experience will vary depending upon considerations such as the amount of multiprogramming in the user's job stream, the I/O configuration, the storage configuration, and the workload processed. Therefore, no assurance can be given that an individual user will achieve throughput improvements equivalent to the performance ratios stated here.

IBM hardware products are manufactured from new parts, or new and serviceable used parts. Regardless, our warranty terms apply.

All customer examples cited or described in this presentation are presented as illustrations of the manner in which some customers have used IBM products and the results they may have achieved. Actual environmental costs and performance characteristics will vary depending on individual customer configurations and conditions.

This publication was produced in the United States. IBM may not offer the products, services or features discussed in this document in other countries, and the information may be subject to change without notice. Consult your local IBM business contact for information on the product or services available in your area.

All statements regarding IBM's future direction and intent are subject to change or withdrawal without notice, and represent goals and objectives only.

Information about non-IBM products is obtained from the manufacturers of those products or their published announcements. IBM has not tested those products and cannot confirm the performance, compatibility, or any other claims related to non-IBM products. Questions on the capabilities of non-IBM products should be addressed to the suppliers of those products.

Prices subject to change without notice. Contact your IBM representative or Business Partner for the most current pricing in your geography.

^{*} Registered trademarks of IBM Corporation



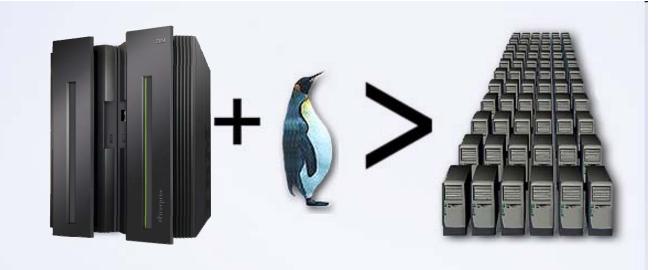
Linux on System z – take back control of your IT A data center in a box – not a server farm

- Potentially lower cost of operations
 - Less servers
 - Fewer software licenses
 - Fewer resources to manage
 - Less energy, cooling and space

- Central point of management
- Increased resource utilization
- Fewer intrusion points
 - Tighter security
- Fewer points of failure
 - Greater availability

It's simple

System z[®] and Linux provide a better, faster solution to IT complexity



IBM zEnterprise – Freedom by Design



Linux on IBM System z

Linux + Virtualization + System z = SYNERGY

The legendary IBM mainframe – IBM System z

- Legendary dependability
- Extremely security-rich, highly scalable
- Designed for multiple diverse workloads executing concurrently
- Proven high volume data acquisition and management

The IBM mainframe virtualization capabilities – z/VM

- Support for large real memory and 32 processors in a single partition
- Enhanced security and LDAP server/client
- Enhanced memory management for Linux guests
- Enhanced management functions for Linux

Open standards operating system – Linux for System z

- Reliable, stable, security-rich
- Available from multiple distributors
- Plentiful availability of skills administrators and developers
- Large selection of applications middleware and tooling from IBM, ISVs and Open Source



Why Linux on System z?

The reasons in 1999 are still valid today

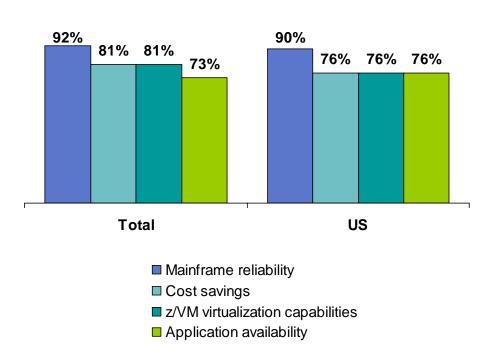
- 1. Increased solutions through Linux application portfolio
- 2. Large number of highly skilled programmers familiar with Linux
- 3. Integrated business solutions
 - Data richness from System z
 - Web capability of Linux applications
- 4. Industrial strength environment
 - -Flexibility and openness of Linux
 - Qualities of service of System z
- 5. Unique ability to easily consolidate a large number of servers



Reasons for running Linux on the mainframe

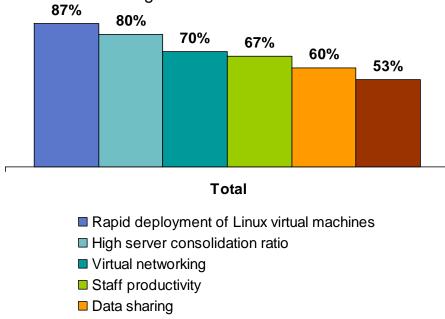
Key Factors in Running Linux on Mainframe

Base: Running Linux on the mainframe



z/VM Capabilities Valuable for Running Linux on Mainframe

Base: Those who consider z/VM capabilities a key factor in running Linux on the mainframe



■ System management features and functions

- Mainframe reliability is the top driver for running Linux on System z, followed by cost savings, z/VM® virtualization capabilities and application availability
- The most important z/VM capabilities are rapid deployment of Linux virtual machines and high server consolidation ratio

Source: 2009 IBM Market Intelligence



What System z brings to Linux

- The most reliable hardware platform available
- Centralized Linux systems can be easier to manage
- Designed to support mixed work loads
 - Allows consolidation while maintaining one server per application
 - Complete work load isolation
 - High speed inter-server connectivity

Scalability

- zEnterprise 196 scales to 80 configurable processors
- zEnterprise 114 scales to 10 configurable processors
- System z10 EC scales to 64 configurable processors
- System z10 BC scales to 10 configurable processors
- Dedicated I/O processors
 - Up to 14 (z196), up to 11 (z10 EC), or 2 (z10 BC and z114)

SHARE in Orlando

Hundreds to thousands of Linux virtual servers



What is different about Linux on System z?

Access to System z specific hardware

- Crypto support CPACF, CryptoExpress3
- Traditional mainframe and Open I/O subsystems
 - IBM DS8000 Enterprise Storage Systems
 - IBM XIV Storage System and Storwize V7000
 - SAN Volume Controller for other storage
- OSA-Express3 for very high speed communication between systems
- HiperSockets for ultra-high speed communication between Linux images on the same machine

z/VM aware

- Enhanced performance
- System management tools





Value of Linux on System z

Reduced Total Cost of Ownership (TCO)

- -Environmental savings single footprint vs. hundreds of servers
- Consolidation savings less storage, less servers, less software licenses, less server management/support

Improved service level

- Systems management (single point of control)
- -Reliability, availability, security of System z

Speed to market

- Capacity-on-demand capability on System z
- Dynamic allocation of on-line users, less than 10 seconds to add a new Linux server image using z/VM and IBM DS8000



System z – The ultimate virtualization resource

- Utilization often (usually?) exceeds 90%
 - Handles peak workload utilization of 100% without service level degradation
- Massive consolidation platform
 - Up to 60 logical partitions, 100s to 1000s of virtual servers under z/VM
 - -Virtualization is built-in, not added-on
 - HiperSockets for memory-speed communication
 - Most sophisticated and complete hypervisor function available
- Intelligent and autonomic management of diverse workloads and system resources based on business policies and workload performance objectives

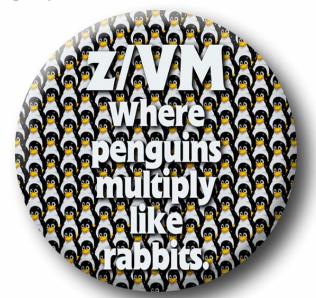


z/VM – Extreme virtualization

- z/VM helps enterprises meet their growing demands for multi-system server solutions with a broad range of support for operating system environments
- Mature technology VM/370 introduced in 1972
- Software Hypervisor integrated in hardware
 - Sharing of CPU, memory and I/O resources
 - Virtual network virtual switches/routers
 - Virtual I/O (mini-disks, virtual cache, ...)

Easy management

- Self-optimizing workload management
- Deploy virtual servers in seconds
- Highly granular resource sharing (<1%)
- Add physical resources without taking system down, scale out to 1000s of virtual servers
- Do more with less: More virtual servers per core, Share more physical resources across servers
- Extensive virtual server life-cycle management





z/VM V6.1

Foundation for future virtualization growth



z/VM V6.1 is the base for all future z/VM enhancements

- This release implements a new Architecture Level Set available only on the IBM System z10 and zEnterprise servers, and future generations of System z servers
- Includes several enhancements, plus support for the IBM Systems Director VMControl cloning tool

Statements of Direction

- -z/VM Single System Image
 - IBM intends to provide capabilities that permit multiple z/VM systems to collaborate in order to provide a single system image
- -z/VM Live Guest Relocation
 - IBM intends to further strengthen single system image support by providing live guest relocation



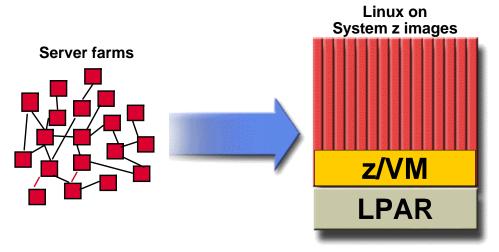
The value of z/VM for Linux

Enhanced performance, growth and scalability

- -Server consolidation enables horizontal growth
- N-tier architecture on two tiers of hardware
- Extensive support for sharing resources
- Virtual networking
- Effective isolation of Linux images, if required

Increased productivity

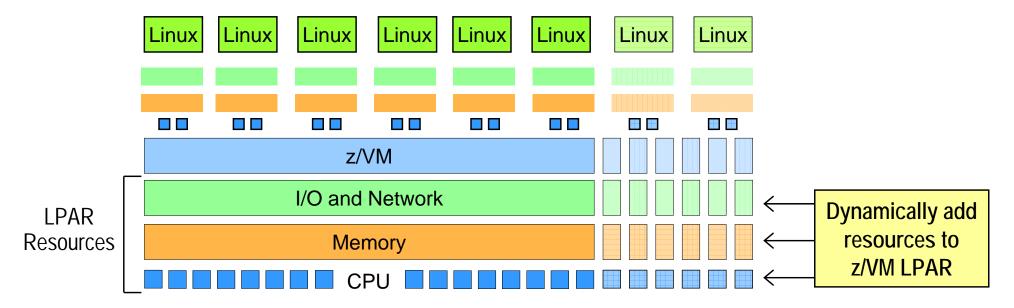
- Development and testing
- Production support
- Improved operations
 - Backup and recovery
 - Command and control





Linux on z/VM: Flexible, efficient growth

- Clients can start small with Linux on System z and non-disruptively grow their environment as business dictates
- Users can dynamically add CPUs, memory, I/O adapters, devices, and network cards to a running z/VM LPAR
- z/VM virtualizes this capability for guest machines

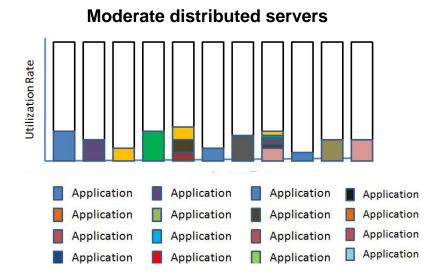


Smart economics: non-disruptively scale the z/VM environment by adding hardware assets that can be shared with *every* virtual server



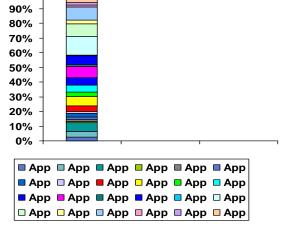
Maximizing Utilization of Resources

- Up to 100% server utilization compared to 10-20% distributed server utilization¹
- Shared everything infrastructure through hardware allows for maximum utilization of resources
 - CPU, Memory, Network, Adapters, Cryptography, Devices



Typically single application per physical server

Up to 100% utilized System z server



Multiple applications on one physical System z server

¹ Source: gomainframe.com Joe Clabby



Built-in IBM System z security for distributed workloads Reducing risk – protecting businesses

Protect from intrusion

-z/VM Integrity Statement

Protect data

- Built in encryption accelerators in every server
- -FIPS-140-20 Level 4 certified encryption co-processors for highly secure encryption

Ensure privacy

 Access to all resources is controlled by an integrated central security manager

Protect virtual servers

 The only servers with EAL5 Common Criteria Certification for partitioning

SHARE in Orlando

Respond to compliance regulations

Up to 70% in security audit savings

16



IBM Enterprise Linux Server Industry-leading virtualization



Overview

17

- -The IBM® Enterprise Linux Server is a proven server consolidation platform that helps you control costs while improving virtual server availability, workload management, and energy efficiency
- -With the virtualization capabilities of the Enterprise Linux Server, your business can consolidate applications and servers, share system resources at extreme levels of utilization, and provide a more flexible and dynamic IT infrastructure that will help you achieve superior levels of service and greater control in managing the growth of your business



IBM Enterprise Linux Server Industry-leading virtualization



Highlights

18

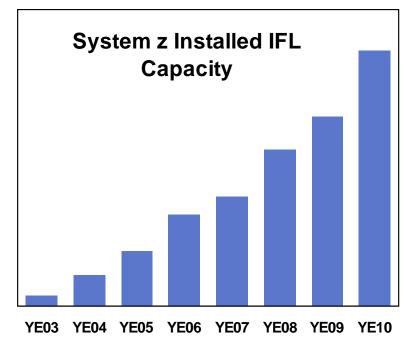
- A highly scalable and flexible virtual infrastructure inside a single IBM server
- The ability to share all system resources with all virtual servers with unmatched levels of efficiency and security
- Business continuance and disaster recovery that help minimize your expenses
- The ability to grow your virtual server workload "on demand" by adding resources to a running environment without disruption
- A solution that helps you achieve a quick return on investment without sacrificing enterprise-class qualities of service
- The ability to deploy and manage a large scale-out virtual server environment on the industry's best scale-up, share-everything system architecture



Linux on System z

Client adoption continues to drive success

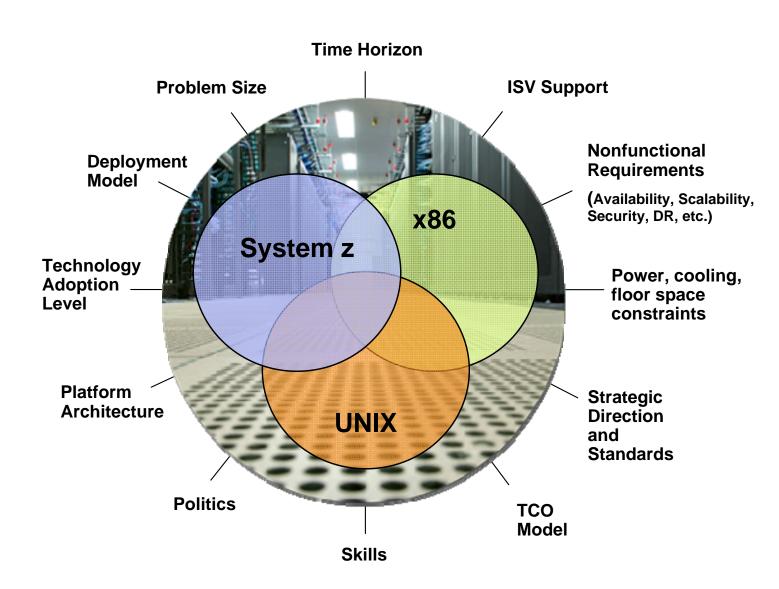
- The momentum continues:
 - Shipped IFL engine volumes increased 34% from YTD 4Q09 to YTD 4Q10
 - Installed IFL MIPS increased 6% from 3Q10 to 4Q10
 - -Installed IFL MIPS increased 35% from 4Q09 to 4Q10
- 32% of System z customers have IFLs installed
- Linux represents 19% of the System z install base capacity (MIPS)
- 64 of the top 100 System z clients are running Linux on the mainframe
- > 3,000 applications are available for Linux on System z





Platform choice - Fit for purpose, workload and situation

- Many factors influence platform selection, making it difficult to present a simple selection matrix
- Some factors are specific to each business, others are common to all and can be generalized





Infrastructure simplification and platform choice

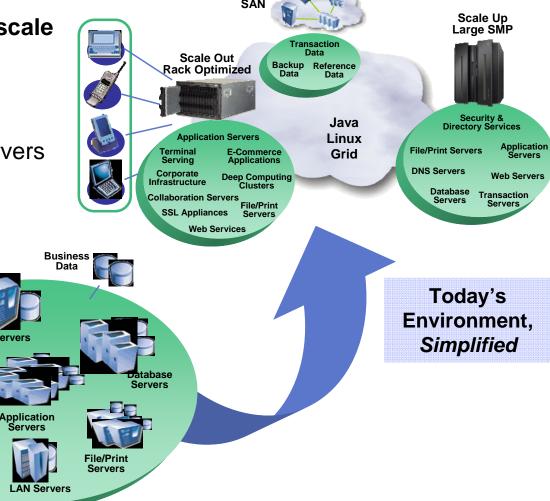
- Customers leveraging scale up and scale out technologies to simplify and integrate their on demand operating environment
- As one solution option:
 - Large SMP and Rack Optimized servers integrated with Linux, Java and Grid technologies can enable this transformation

Appliances

Routers

Security & **Directory Servers**

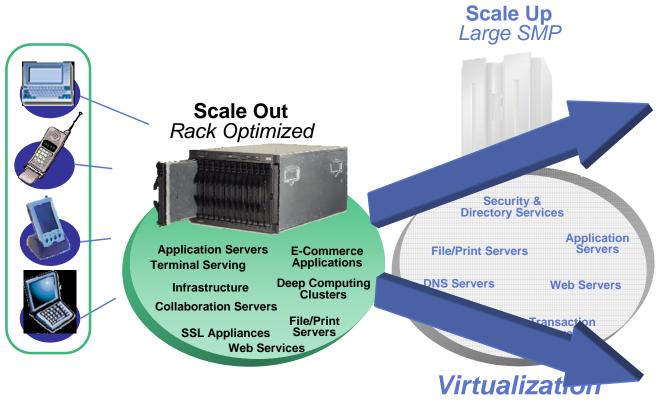
UI Data



Web Servers



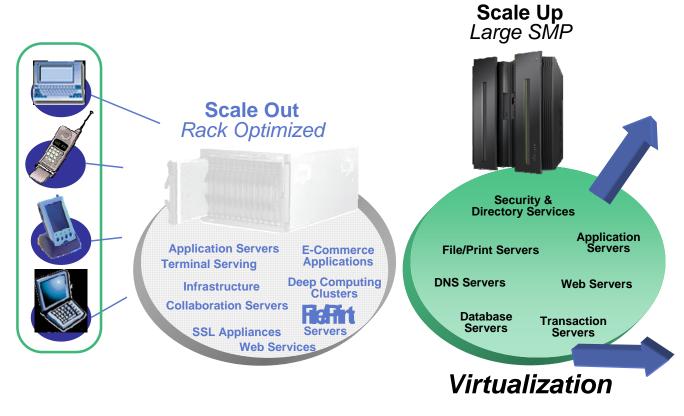
Ideal scale-out implementations



- Clustered workloads
- Distributed computing applications
- Infrastructure applications
- Small database
- Processor and memory intensive workloads



Ideal scale-up implementations



- High performance transaction processing
- I/O intensive workloads
- Large database serving
- High resiliency and security
- Unpredictable and highly variable workload spikes
- Low utilization infrastructure applications
- Rapid provisioning and re-provisioning



Selecting an application

- Performance on System z CPUs is comparable to CPUs on other platforms of similar speed
 - CPU speed is not the entire story it's in the architecture!
 - Architecture designed for multiple or consolidated workloads
 - System z has definite advantage with applications that have mixed CPU and I/O
- System z and z/VM provide excellent virtualization capabilities

SHARE in Orlando

- Look for applications that are on lower utilized servers
- Development and Test are good choices to start
- Good planning is essential
- IBM can:
 - Perform sizing estimates
 - Assist with planning and initial installation needs



Where to deploy – System z or "distributed"

Technical Considerations

System z



"distributed"

Quality of Service

System z



"distributed"

Speed of deployment Instances 2 - n

System z



"distributed"

Data Intensity

System z



"distributed"

Compute Intensity

Other Considerations

- Application availability
 - Certification of solution on hardware/software platform
- Workload Management
- Manageability and scaling characteristics
 - Especially database and web serving
 - Proximity of data to application
 - The best network is one with no wires!



Linux distributors

Novell SUSE Linux Enterprise

- -http://novell.com/mainframe/
- -http://novell.com/linux/mainframe/



Red Hat Enterprise Linux

-http://redhat.com/rhel/server/mainframe/





Thanks!

J. L. (Jlm) Elllott

Consulting Sales Specialist – System z zChampion & Linux Champion Systems & Technology Group



IBM Canada Ltd. 3600 Steeles Avenue East Markham, ON L3R 9Z7

Office: 905-316-5813 Mobile: 416-527-0666 Fax: 845-491-5004

Jim_Elliott@ca.ibm.com

ibm.com/vm/devpages/jelliott/





